

**Crystal Data:** Orthorhombic. *Point group:*  $2/m\ 2/m\ 2/m$ . As radial aggregates, to 1.5 mm, of split plates (to 700  $\mu\text{m}$ ) elongated along [010] and flattened on {010}.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* Perfect on {001}. *Tenacity:* Flexible. *Fracture:* Smooth. Hardness = ~1 VHN = n.d. D(meas.) = 3.07(3) D(calc.) = 3.28 Dissolves in 10% HCl.

**Optical Properties:** Translucent. *Color:* Colorless. *Streak:* White. *Luster:* Pearly. *Optical Class:* Biaxial (+) (pseudo-uniaxial).  $\alpha \approx \beta = 1.607(2)$   $\gamma = 1.612(2)$   $2V(\text{calc.}) = 0^\circ$

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:*  $Pnma$ .  $a = 11.2261(9)$   $b = 8.5039(6)$   $c = 27.699(2)$   $Z = 4$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Iron open pit, Kovdor massif, Murmansk Region, Russia. 15.80 (100), 13.86 (45), 2.688 (24), 3.129 (19), 3.184 (18), 2.756 (16), 3.022 (14)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)
MgO	4.79	4.61
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.45	
P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	31.66	32.45
K <sub>2</sub> O	0.34	
CaO	0.34	
Sc <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	16.17	21.02
MnO	1.46	
FeO	1.24	
SrO	3.44	
BaO	29.81	35.06
H <sub>2</sub> O	[7.12]	6.87
Total	97.03	100.00

(1) Iron open pit, Kovdor massif, Murmansk Region, Russia; average of 3 electron microprobe analyses, H<sub>2</sub>O calculated from structure; corresponds to  $(\text{Ba}_{2.62}\text{Sr}_{0.45}\text{K}_{0.10}\text{Ca}_{0.06})_{\Sigma=3.23}\text{Mg}_{1.60}\text{Mn}_{0.28}(\text{Sc}_{3.15}\text{Fe}^{3+}_{0.23}\text{Al}_{0.12})_{\Sigma=3.50}(\text{PO}_4)_6(\text{OH})_{2.61} \cdot 4.01\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . (2)  $\text{Ba}_3\text{Mg}_{1.5}\text{Sc}_4(\text{PO}_4)_6(\text{OH})_3 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ .

**Occurrence:** A product of low-temperature hydrothermal alteration of Sc-bearing baddeleyite. In a void within the calcite-magnetite phoscorite (enriched in hydroxylapatite and Sc-rich baddeleyite) in the axial zone of a phoscorite-carbonatite pipe.

**Association:** Quintinite-2H, pyrite, bobierrite, quintinite-3R.

**Distribution:** From the Iron open pit, Kovdor massif, Murmansk Region, Russia.

**Name:** Honors Russian mining engineer Felix Borisovich Kampel' (b. 1935) for his contribution to the technologies for mining and processing the complex magnetite-apatite-baddeleyite ores of the Kovdor deposit.

**Type Material:** Mineralogical Museum, St. Petersburg State University, Russia (1/19660).

**References:** (1) Yakovenchuk, V.N., G.Yu. Ivanyuk, Y.A. Pakhomovsky, T.L. Panikorovskii, S.N. Britvin, S.V. Krivovichev, V.V. Shilovskikh, and V.N. Bocharov (2018) Kampelite,  $\text{Ba}_3\text{Mg}_{1.5}\text{Sc}_4(\text{PO}_4)_6(\text{OH})_3 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , a new very complex Ba-Sc phosphate mineral from the Kovdor phoscorite-carbonatite complex (Kola Peninsula, Russia). *Mineral. Petrol.*, 112(1), 111-121. (2) (2018) *Amer. Mineral.*, 103, 2043 (abs. ref. 1).